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MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1916.

An Evening Echo.

Genius is to the majority of minds a challenge, to some it is an offense, while to others it is a crime—EVE-GOFFIT.

The chief obstacle that Candidate Cornwell is encountering in his canvass in his inability to make his audiences believe that he isn't kidding.

Boy, page Charles Cameron Lewis, Jr., and when you find him tell him that John J. Cornwell says that it is a darned sight worse than a "state of mind."

Senator Bill Chilton subscribes unanimously to that plank in his party's platform which charges the Republican party with grand larceny. Diogenes would have found the men he was looking for had the senator been living at that time.

It is beginning to look to the backers of Cornwell that Charles Cameron Lewis—oh, yes, we mustn't forget the "Junior"—was about right when he insisted that the Democratic party should make the president and his administration its paramount issue.

In a figurative way of course, Judge Robinson seems to be using the knee-strap of his shoemaker father on his political opponents. If he keeps it up, he will soon be assuring J. Cornwell that it hurts him more than it does John to be compelled to do it.

We shouldn't call it plagiarism exactly, but the attempt of Congressman Neely's champions to take the credit for the widow's pension bill away from such a good Democratic brother and colleague as Representative Ashbrook of Ohio, doesn't somehow harmonize with our idea of "senatorial courtesy."

Senator Borah told friends at Wheeling that the meeting he addressed in that city was larger and more enthusiastic by a great deal than any meeting he spoke to in the closing week of the campaign in Maine, despite the torchlight processions which proceeded the Pine Tree rallies. And you remember Maine!

That Stronger than Party.

Democratic managers and speakers all over the country have been trying to find consolation in the assertion and belief that "President Wilson is stronger than his party."

The absolute fallaciousness of this contention was shown by the primary in New York, according to an indis-



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putable authority, Edwin S. Harris, Democratic state chairman of New York, analyzing the primary results, has publicly announced that "Judge Seabury is 100,000 votes stronger in this state than President Wilson." Judge Seabury is the Democratic candidate for governor.

Mr. Harris's statement caused an acute shock to the Democratic managers and they urged upon him that it was "bad politics" to say this publicly. He refused, however, to amend his statement.

Of course, the Democratic managers realize that Mr. Harris's statement is tantamount to declaring that Mr. Wilson cannot carry New York, and without New York's forty-five electoral votes his defeat is practically certain.

The Value of Health.

Health is priceless. The millionaire cannot enjoy his riches in the absence of it. His millions do not add any years to his life, health will. How many are there, asks the Knoxville Journal and Tribune, who would willingly, were such a thing possible, exchange a goodly share of their possessions for the power of digestion and assimilation possessed by the man, "In hidden gray," who wields the hammer or the pick, or the tiller of the soil who does the drudgery of the farm?

And yet how little attention is paid, by the creature who is above the animal and little below the angels to the health of his physical body. But it is hoped, it is believed, that mankind is beginning to wake up to the priceless value of human health. Millions of dollars have been expended in our own country to arrest disease among the hogs and the cattle, and to that of fowls, that form a leading part in the article of human food. That is right, there can be no life without food.

But is it not as vital to spend some millions for the preservation of the humans for whom food is a necessity? It is estimated that the loss sustained by wage-earners in this country amounts to as much as \$80,000,000 annually from preventable disease.

Who Kept Us Out of War?

Theodore Roosevelt, speaking in Maine, and Charles W. Fairbanks, accepting the Republican nomination for the vice presidency in Indianapolis, both stick spikes into the Democratic campaign slogan that "President Wilson has kept us out of war." Colonel Roosevelt branded the temporary occupation of Vera Cruz as futile, dishonorable warfare, "entered into pointlessly and abandoned ignobly," to the vast damage of the Mexicans and ourselves. Mr. Fairbanks declared there has been real war in Mexico, due to our own aggression.

In this connection it is fair and proper to think of Mexico in terms of other nations. Suppose Mexico had been as strong as almost any of the belligerents of Europe. Would the Vera Cruz affair have meant war? The answer is that we would have been fighting in Mexico today in the full panoply of war, or we would have fought, come off victor and obtained peace earlier. The bald fact is that the Mexicans and not President Wilson kept us out of war, if we concede that the invasion of Vera Cruz was not war. They kept us out because, being weak and torn with internal dissension, they felt they could not afford to fight back. Due to this very weakness, they are keeping us out of war today.

There is no cause for national pride in the Vera Cruz expedition if the administration was influenced partly in undertaking it by a strong presumption that there would be no serious striking back. Tackling a small boy because he is a small boy is inglorious. It does not comport with the idealism which many admirers of the present administration attribute to it.

High Schools.

Extended statistics showing the growth of high schools in West Virginia during Republican rule cannot be given because the previous administration had but little to report on this subject and the small facts given are not reliable, and are based on low standards. The biennial report of the state superintendent of schools for the year 1897-98 (page 16) says:

"Although West Virginia is credited with twenty-four or twenty-five high schools, she must for the present content herself with the reputation of being one of the very few states without a first class high school."

Instead of such apologies being necessary at the present time, we are in a position to boast of a high school development and high school condition hardly equalled for rapid progress and high standards in a state of the union.

West Virginia can now boast of 164 public high schools, almost a hundred of which are four-year high schools of the first rank. We have three county high schools, forty-six town and city high schools, and one hundred and fifteen district high schools.

Most of the district high schools serve rural communities and take advantage of higher education to the very doors of the boys and girls in the small villages and on the farms. In 1915-16 the total enrollment in the public high schools of the state was 13,691, of these 1,873 graduated.

This development is not due to mere chance. A good classification law, bringing all these schools up to the standard, was passed and backed up by state aid (\$400, \$600, \$800, to third, second and first class respectively), amounting to \$85,000 in 1915-16. The Republicans are not afraid to give substantial aid to institutions of direct service to the people.

State Bridge Department on the Job. The contrast between the methods used by the bridge department of the state road bureau and the average county court in protecting the interests of the public in bridge building is clearly shown by what happened recently in one of the counties in the eastern pan-handle. This county used the skilled services of the state department in the construction of its bridges, the latter furnishing all plans and specifications and supervising through an inspector the construction of the same.

On the particular bridge in question, the contractor placed concrete during the absence of the inspector, which was contrary to direct orders. Upon his arrival the inspector claimed that the concrete was not of the grade called for by the specifications, as the same was apparently mixed too dry and inferior sand was used. A controversy concerning the concrete immediately arose between the contractor and the state road bureau. To settle the matter beyond any possibility of dispute the contractor was requested to cut out of the bridge about a cubic foot of the concrete and to send the same to the laboratory of the state road bureau at Morgantown, to be tested in the one-half million pound compression machine. The result of the test showed the concrete to have a strength of but one-half that called for by the specifications.

The contrast between this method of procedure, and that used by some counties of the state, where, after completion of the bridge, the county court goes to the site, takes a look at the structure and says, "fine work!" and then pays over perfectly good money for a perfectly worthless bridge.

Such examples as the above which are continually occurring should serve to convince the public that a more rigid and scientific control must be brought about through state participation in county bridge work.

THE DAILY NOVELET

BL DARBERTY'S COAST.

The man who strains at a gnat and swallows a camel would choke on a fishbone and swallow a fish story whole.

"Speaking of fish stories," said Colonel Harta Beeter—although is a matter of fact the members of the Neckts to Nature club had been talking of wild trip shooting—"reminds me of an old experience I had with sharks, or rather a shark, in tropical waters off the coast of Darbery."

Two of the members hurriedly went home, and the colonel hurried. "In the spring of 1881, it was a bad shark year on the Darbery coast. I went swimming in spite of the natives' warnings. Sure enough, scarcely one hundred feet from shore, I came face to face with a forty foot leopard shark. A beauty. I can tell you, though needless to say, I was in no mood for appreciating beauty at the time."

"Now I'd heard lots of quelling lions and other such land critters with the power of the human eye, and a sudden inspiration came to me to try it on the shark. And I did, gentlemen, I did. I believe you know a shark has to turn over on his back before he can get a bite at you. Well, always being used to keeping my eyes open under water, I easily caught his glance just as he was turning over for the fatal nip. So, to hold his gaze, I had to turn over on my back, and there we were, a pretty pair, dossey, glaring at each other on our backs in the sea of Mushwa. The shark kept turning over and over in an effort to break the spell, but I kept reviving with him and never let my eyes off his, you may be sure. In the end, a native swam out and finished him off with a knife, and if any of you would like to see his gizzard—the shark's, of course—I have it at my home in alcohol."

And the colonel smiled his sweet smile and retired in triumph.

1914 LANDSLIDE IS CONTINUING THIS YEAR

Political Events of 1916 to Date Confirm Forecast of Two Years Ago.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—William R. Willcox, chairman of the Republican national committee, discussing the significance of recent political events, suggests that political prognosticators of both leading parties should not confine their observations to what actually happened in Maine, or was indicated in the New York primaries, but should go back to 1914, when the people registered a most interesting verdict in the congressional elections.

Landslide in 1914. Chairman Willcox points out that two years ago, when the people had their first opportunity following the election of 1912, to register a protest against the national administration, "the drift towards a Republican administration was so strong that the party's victory at the polls was of landslide proportions; so great that although the tremendous Democratic majorities in the Senate and House produced by the Republican split in 1912 were not overcome, such great strides were made in this direction as to render the outcome in 1916 a foregone conclusion."

Continuing Mr. Willcox says, "The elections of 1914 were highly significant from two points of view. First, they demonstrated the judicial temperament of the American people at a time when there were occurring events calculated to sweep men off their feet, and proved that their mental balance could not be upset, that they were concerned with fundamentals."

Partly Alignment Restored. "Second, they demonstrated that lines of political thought in the country had not been changed as a result of the three-cornered campaign of 1912, and that wherever the Republicans and Progressives had come together in a spirit of friendly and enlightened progressivism the alignment of old parties was the same as it had been in former years, with the numerical advantage still with the Republicans."

Pointing out that the great pivotal states in 1914—the states that were certain to decide the elections of 1916, went back to the Republican column, Chairman Willcox asserts that "Then, as in Maine the other day, the indecision or repudiation of President Wilson was paramount." Suggesting that the "president's own state in 1914 registered its disapproval of his administration and its ruinous policies precisely as Maine registered its disapproval this month, and as New Jersey will again register it in November," Mr. Willcox concludes:

"Off Year" for Alibi. "It is clearly apparent that the same causes produced the identical results in both states. In 1914 the Democratic majority was reduced from 145 to less than thirty. Democratic leaders sought to belittle the approval of the tremendous popular repudiation by claiming that it was an 'off year' and that in 1916 the pendulum would swing back to Democracy."

"The Maine election effectually and completely disposed of this fallacious argument. The pendulum is not swinging back, but on the contrary the swing to the Republican side is more pronounced than ever. The loss of a Democratic senator and a Democratic congressman in a strong Democratic district shows that the elections of 1916 are to be but

DRINK HOT WATER IF YOU DESIRE A ROSY COMPLEXION

Says we can't help but look better and feel better after an inside bath.

To look one's best and feel one's best is to enjoy an inside bath each morning to flush from the system the previous day's waste, sour fermentations and poisonous toxins before it is absorbed into the blood. Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of combustible material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken each day leave in the alimentary organs a certain amount of indigestible material, which is not eliminated, form toxins and poisons which are then sucked into the blood through the very ducts which are intended to suck in only nourishment to sustain the body.

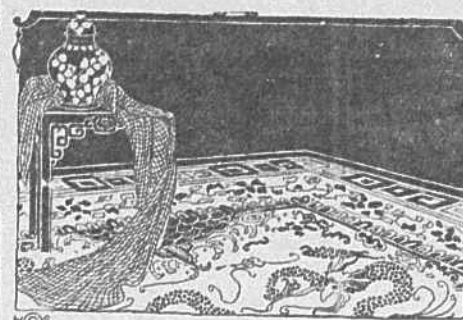
If you want to see the glow of healthy bloom in your cheeks, to see your skin get clearer and clearer, you are told to drink every morning upon arising, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it, which is a harmless means of washing the waste material and toxins from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Men and women with sallow skins, liver spots, pimples or pallid complexion, also those who wake up with a coated tongue, bad taste, nasty breath, others who are bothered with headaches, bilious swellings, acid stomach or constipation should begin this pleasant hot water drinking and are assured of very pronounced results in one or two weeks.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store but is sufficient to demonstrate that just as soap and hot water cleanses, purifies and freshens the skin on the outside, so hot water and limestone phosphate act on the inside organs. We must always consider that internal sanitation is vastly more important than outside cleanliness, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do.—Advertisement.

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Housecleaning Time is now at hand. Many housekeepers will need new Rugs to replace the ones that are too badly worn to use again. Many will want new Curtains and Draperies to brighten the eyes of the home.



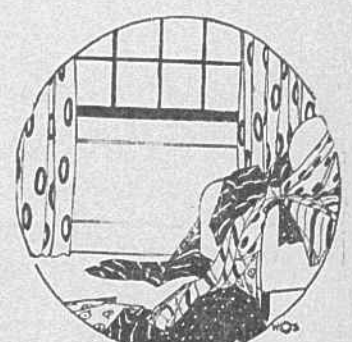
You will find in our Carpet and Rug Store the largest assortment of new Rugs and Floor Coverings it has ever been our pleasure to offer our patrons.

Exquisite High Grade French Wilton Rugs, representing the very best American made rugs. Rugs that are true copies of Oriental designs. Exclusive designs and colorings, and a large line of Royal Wilton Rugs and Wilton Velvet Rugs and a complete line of Body Brussels, Moquet and Axminster Rugs, from the cheaper grades on up to the very best grades. A large and well selected stock of Tapestry Brussels Rugs, Grass Rugs, Wool and Fiber Rugs and Wool and Cotton Mixed Rugs.

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Complete stocks at popular prices. A real pleasure to show these new Curtains and Draperies.



the conclusion of the elections of 1914; that the tendencies observable two years ago have vigor—are not weakened, but actually strengthened. The 'off-year' theory is smashed beyond repair.

"In 1914 it was demonstrated that the split in the Republican party was not fundamental. Maine proves that answer was correct. It is only necessary to study the returns of 1914 to find the answer to the problem of 1916. The long, four-year wave is now rolling in. When it breaks in November its power will be irresistible."

JOHN HAYS HAMMOND
ADVISES COLLEGE MEN

That It is Their Duty to Work and a Burning Outrage Not to Do So.

(SPECIAL TO THE TELEGRAM)
NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—John Hays Hammond, president of the National Republican League, gave out a statement today through the Hughes National College League, 611 Fifth avenue, New York, in which he said that not only is it a duty for college graduates to work actively in the campaign, but a burning outrage if they do not. Enrollments by the tens of thousands have been flowing into the league from all parts of the country. When the vast enrollment was shown to Mr. Hammond, he said:

"I do not think it is merely advisable or commendable for college men to work in politics. I think it is their highest and most important duty. I have been preaching this before public bodies for the last eight years. If the educated men of this country ignore their own interests and those of the general public to the extent of refraining from taking an active part in politics, affairs are not merely a neglect of an obvious duty but it is a burning outrage. Every motive of patriotism and self-interest urges them to active participation. It is suicidal for them to deliver the conduct of public affairs entirely into the hands of the uneducated vote. How do they expect the laboring men to vote intelligently if they pay no attention to the matter and make no effort to explain as they see it the right and wrong of legislation and party action. I don't care which side he is on, every college graduate should get out and work."

"I understand that the whole object of the Hughes National College League is to arouse the enthusiasm of the college men and make them work with the regular Republican and Progressive organizations. We want them to work with the National Republican League, and I want to say that there is no public movement of more far reaching importance than theirs on foot in the United States today."

GIRLS ESCAPE

From Industrial Home at Salem and Local Police Are Watching Out for Them.

Three girls, described as being "good looking," Sunday night escaped from the West Virginia Industrial School for Girls at Salem, according to a telephone message from an official of the institution to the local department of public safety early Monday morning. The girls are further described as being 15, 16 and 18 years of age. Rewards of \$5 each are offered for the arrest of the girls.

Immediately upon learning of the escape, Chief of Police Harry L. Brooks ordered special officers to keep an eye on all incoming trains and interurban cars.

The official of the institution who notified the local police of the escape that he was unable at that time to give the names of the girls, but would telephone later giving names and further descriptions.

LIGHT OCCUPATION.

Bodyguard for Jess Willard.

FAMOUS WAITS.
Wait 'till you see the whites of their eyes."

Labeling the son.
Egotist's: Ira.

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A. ARENA, 319 N. Fourth St.

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Desirable Tenant May
Always be Found

There may not be enough to "go around"—there may be more available apartments or houses than are in demand. But the desirable houses and apartments should never be without desirable tenants.

If you own property which should bring you a regular rental income, and allow that property to remain tenantless for any extended period, you are needlessly submitting to a financial loss which, if assessed upon you in the form of a municipal tax, would arouse your wrath and resentment.

You look about the city and find properties, far less desirable than your own, satisfactorily tenanted, and bringing to their owners profits on their investment.

Is there any doubt about the possibility of finding a tenant for your property—assuming that it is desirable, good value, and well advertised?

To fail to advertise property, in the face of a suspended rental income from it, is a confession that the property is not rentable through advertising. And that would be to confess that it is held for too high a rental, or that it is badly located, or that for some other reason it would not appeal to discriminating people.

If your property is desirable, advertising in the Telegram will find a desirable tenant for you. Nothing is more certain than that.

There's a Lesson

to be found in the lives of those who reached the top. It wasn't "LUCK!" They worked and saved to be ready for every advance in their career.

No one knows what tomorrow may bring.

The trouble is that many never think of to-morrow—live only for to-day. They fail to understand the value of small economies.

If a start would only be made by laying aside a small part of the income, the lesson of economy would soon be learned.

By opening an account with us, you'll add a system to your foresight that will benefit you, now and later.

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